

Kiruna Town Hall forms the new face of a moving community

"The Crystal" celebrates Kiruna's architectural history, combining civic functionality and social spaces

A town built on iron

During the second half of December, the sun does not rise on the 18,000 residents of Sweden's northernmost town. Situated 95 miles north of the Arctic Circle, Kiruna exists in relative isolation – The closest neighboring town, Gällivare, is 75 miles away. Darkness defines the winter months, and snow blankets the landscape for the better half of the year. The town marks Sweden's arctic frontier, the last concentration of civilization bordering some of Europe's largest expanses of undeveloped wilderness. What sustains Kiruna in this remote setting is the fact that the town sits on top of the largest iron ore mine on the planet.

Each day, the Kiruna mine produces enough iron ore to build six Eiffel Towers. The mine provides 90 percent of Europe's iron ore, having produced 950 million metric tons of ore since mining operations began in 1898. Kiruna was born as a mining town, emerging along the tracks of a new rail line that connected the immense iron deposit to the Norwegian trade harbor of Narvik. The town owes its existence to the management and financing of the Luossavaara-Kiirunavaara mining company (LKAB), which owns the mine and remains Kiruna's largest employer. After over a century of constant operations, Kiruna continues to extract over 26 million tons of ore from the mine every year. The mine birthed Kiruna – And now, the mine threatens to erase it.

In the 1960s, mining operations at Kiruna shifted from surface mining to subsurface cave mining. Today, the mine's subterranean shafts have plunged 1,365 meters beneath the earth's surface, tunneling downward at an angle to follow the ore body deeper into the earth. More than a kilometer beneath the light of day, these operations are vital to the continued existence of the town itself. But on the surface, warning signs have begun to appear: The ground is breaking, splitting into deep rifts and falling into sinkholes. The extensive mining operations are causing surface-level subsidence, meaning that the earth above the tunnels is weakening and sinking downward. For Kiruna, this could mean severe structural instability: Studies of the expanding rifts show them moving toward the town, putting the buildings of the city center at risk of damage or collapse within the century.

A community on the move

In response to this threat, mining firm LKAB has proposed a direct solution: Move the town. Since 2004, the company has planned to shift the town of 18,000 citizens some



three kilometers east, outside of the projected spread of ground level subsidence. Perhaps simple in concept, the logistics of this operation are anything but. LKAB anticipates relocating 3,050 houses, in addition to nearly 200,000 square meters of commercial, office, school and civic floor space. LKAB has offered to purchase existing houses at 125% of market price, or pay for a new residence in the relocated Kiruna. LKAB, now state-owned, is footing the bill for this grand relocation: While an expected completion date of 2100 complicates final price estimates, the company has already allocated some 12 billion kronor, or \$1.3 billion.

The difficulties of this endeavor are larger than logistics and finances. Demolishing the old Kiruna and moving residents to a fresh city uproots generations of local heritage, interrupting tight-knit neighborhoods and erasing multigenerational family stores. LKAB is preserving and relocating 21 buildings from old Kiruna, but the rest of the city will be built anew. This relocation is a challenge of identity – How does one preserve communities in a new space? Where is the balance between a fresh image and town heritage? Answering these questions spans city planning and personal histories, exploring the relationship between architecture and community. Henning Larsen is proud to contribute to this process with our design for the new Kiruna Town Hall, an architectural tribute to Kiruna's heritage and a public focal point for a new community.

The foundation for a new Kiruna

Kiruna's new town hall is a tribute to the town's history and a framework for emerging communities. Named *Kristallen*, or "The Crystal," the building draws physical inspiration from the angular geometry of iron minerals. Distinct inner and outer building volumes support the building's dual roles of community and civic benefit. An inner core of these angular metallic volumes makes space for community functions: Public exhibition rooms, workshops and social common spaces ensure the building's vital function as a community hub. This central crystal allows the town hall to serve Kiruna beyond civic logistics and local governance – It is a space for old friends and longtime neighbors to meet within the new city center, supporting a sense of social unity during the transitory period of Kiruna's relocation.

The outer volume covers the inner metallic crystal with a sleek circular glass and natural stone façade. Housing staff offices for various municipality departments, this section houses the town hall's civic function, but also contributes to the building's functional design. The circular exterior forces wind to move around the building, ensuring that the winter's heavy snowdrifts will not settle against the façade. The circular form symbolizes unity and solidarity: Centrally located in the heart of new Kiruna, the building encourages equal access to all citizens. In the subarctic sunlight, The Crystal's radiant white exterior establishes it as a visible landmark for a resilient community.



The Crystal is a continuation of Kiruna's architectural heritage. The design includes the original bell tower and recycles building materials from the 1958 town hall, slated for demolition during the move. In this way, the new town hall represents not only a visual reimagining of the town, but a physical continuation of Kiruna's history. The Crystal's interior will be a hub of activity, an energetic and accessible forum supporting the interplay of local politics and community development.

Opened on 22 November 2018 as the first major landmark of the relocated Kiruna, the town hall establishes an inviting gathering point for the town, standing as an enduring architectural illustration of Kiruna's heritage.

About Henning Larsen

In May 2012, Kiruna Municipality decided to launch a competition to find a design for the relocated community's new town hall. Copenhagen architecture firm Henning Larsen won the contract from a competition that drew the submissions of 56 architecture firms from across the globe.

Henning Larsen is Denmark's most international architectural firm. Founded in 1959, the firm now has a staff of around 300, spread between offices in Copenhagen, Oslo, Munich, New York, Hong Kong and the Faroe Islands.

Henning Larsen is behind several recognized city halls and civic buildings in Scandinavia, Europe and United States. Middelfart Town Hall was inaugurated in 2017, in September 2018 earned a DGNB Diamond certification in recognition of its sustainable design and aesthetics. Henning Larsen's 2015 Eystur City Hall in the Faroe Islands has also received praise from the global architecture community, including recognition in the 2018 Global Architecture and Design Awards. Upcoming projects include the new Public Service Building in Minneapolis, Minnesota, Toronto's Etobicoke Civic Center and the Uppsala City Hall in Sweden.

In Sweden, Henning Larsen is best known for Malmö City Library, which was awarded the Kasper Salin Prize in 1997, Sweden's most prestigious architectural prize. The company has also developed the master plan for Umeå Arts Campus in Northern Sweden, and in collaboration with White Architects, Henning Larsen designed Umeå School of Architecture and Umeå Art Museum. Currently, Henning Larsen is designing the world's largest and most advanced facility for neutron-based research – the European Spallation Source – in Lund. Construction of the research centre is expected to be complete by 2025.



Henning Larsen

Vesterbrogade 76 1620 Copenhagen V Denmark

Web: www.henninglarsen.com

Press contact

Dan Bjerg Hansen Global Communications Director Tel.: +45 8233 3075 / +45 4127 7560

Email: dbh@henninglarsen.com